

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority

A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma

Financial Statements

Including Independent Auditors' Report

As of and for the Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma
As Of And For The Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

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**Independent Accountants' Report on Financial Statements
and Supplementary Information**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
Edmond, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, which comprise the Statements of Net Position as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and Statements of Cash Flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

To the Board of Directors
Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated March 26, 2015 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering The Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP

Madison, Wisconsin
March 26, 2015

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma
Management's Discussion and Analysis
(Unaudited)

Introduction

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis, or MD&A, serves as an introduction to the financial statements of the Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority (also referred to as the Authority or OMPA). It is intended to be an objective and easily understandable analysis of significant financial, operating activities and events for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2014 compared to the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. It also provides an overview of the Authority's general financial condition and results of operations for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2013 compared to the previous fiscal year ending December 31, 2012.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

Assets are separated into current and non-current categories. Current assets include restricted and unrestricted cash and investments, accounts receivable, inventory, prepayments and other current assets. Non-current assets include restricted and unrestricted investments, costs recoverable in future periods, net capital assets and other non-current assets.

GASB Concept Statement No. 4, *Elements of Financial Statements*, defines deferred outflows of resources as the consumption of net assets in one period that are applicable to future periods. The Authority defines accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives and unamortized loss on advance refunding of bonds as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position.

Consistent with the reporting of assets on the Statement of Net Position, liabilities are segregated into current and non-current categories. Current liabilities include accounts payable, interest payable and current portion of long term debt and notes payable, current portion of derivative liabilities, and other accrued expenses. Non-current liabilities includes long-term debt and notes payable, and non-current derivative liabilities.

Deferred inflows of resources are defined in GASB Concept Statement No. 4, as the acquisition of net assets that apply to future periods. The Authority defines rate stabilization as deferred inflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position

Operating results are reported separately from non-operating results. Non-operating results relate primarily to financing and investing activities. These statements identify operating revenues from sales to cities (system) and energy market sales (off-system). Operating expenses are presented by major cost category. Revenues remaining are available to service debt, finance capital activities, and to cover contingencies.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows presents cash flows from operating activities, capital and related financing activities, non-capital financing activities, and investing activities. These statements are prepared using the direct method, which reports gross cash receipts and payments, and presents a reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities.

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma
Management's Discussion and Analysis
(Unaudited)

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Utility plant, net	\$ 502,330,246	\$ 453,766,210	\$ 421,575,946
Non-current investments	76,562,140	86,660,660	76,292,901
Other assets	126,657,320	119,211,332	115,699,714
Current assets	<u>133,931,244</u>	<u>201,559,815</u>	<u>95,047,318</u>
Total assets	<u>839,480,950</u>	<u>861,198,017</u>	<u>708,615,879</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	36,313,913	21,267,385	27,133,314
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 875,794,863</u>	<u>\$ 882,465,402</u>	<u>\$ 735,749,193</u>

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

Long-term debt, net	\$ 760,486,275	\$ 771,410,510	\$ 619,778,767
Current portion of long-term debt	22,012,755	21,484,675	20,412,995
Other current liabilities	42,433,000	42,530,804	42,746,276
Other non-current liabilities	<u>7,866,419</u>	<u>7,368,595</u>	<u>9,389,199</u>
Total liabilities	<u>832,798,449</u>	<u>842,794,584</u>	<u>692,327,237</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	10,995,633	13,745,632	15,245,632
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	(36,668,721)	(34,070,518)	(14,267,196)
Restricted	40,972,155	42,868,629	23,219,520
Unrestricted	<u>27,697,347</u>	<u>17,127,075</u>	<u>19,224,000</u>
Total net position	<u>32,000,781</u>	<u>25,925,186</u>	<u>28,176,324</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	<u>\$ 875,794,863</u>	<u>\$ 882,465,402</u>	<u>\$ 735,749,193</u>

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma
Management's Discussion and Analysis
(Unaudited)

**Revenues, Expenses and Changes
in Net Position**

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Operating revenues			
System	\$ 179,448,648	\$ 162,965,303	\$ 156,164,638
Off-system	7,213,292	17,398,645	13,496,046
Non-operating revenues			
Interest income	2,143,731	2,573,145	2,365,358
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets	2,875	---	875
Lease revenue	2,632,057	2,738,738	2,839,279
Deferred costs	(472,322)	3,478,045	1,048,341
SSEP grant revenues	<u>---</u>	<u>---</u>	<u>1,299,283</u>
Total revenues	<u>190,968,281</u>	<u>189,153,876</u>	<u>177,213,820</u>
Operating expenses	156,152,107	154,794,099	140,321,480
Non-operating expenses			
Interest expense, net	30,139,531	26,744,005	27,977,616
Amortization	2,540,788	2,772,280	2,799,533
(Increase)/decrease in fair value of investments	(3,939,740)	7,094,630	225,541
SSEP grant expenditures	<u>---</u>	<u>---</u>	<u>1,299,283</u>
Total expenses	<u>184,892,686</u>	<u>191,405,014</u>	<u>172,623,453</u>
Net increase in net position	<u>\$ 6,075,595</u>	<u>\$ (2,251,138)</u>	<u>\$ 4,590,367</u>

Financial Highlights

For the second consecutive year Oklahoma experience a much cooler summer than normal. The billed peak demand was slightly lower in 2014 at 721MW compared to 726MW for 2013. 2014 and 2013 peak demands were both considerably lower than the 800MW recorded in 2012.

The adjustment of investments to market value had a favorable impact in 2014 of \$3,939,740 compared to an unfavorable adjustment of \$7,094,630 and an unfavorable adjustment of \$225,541 in 2013 and 2012, respectively. However, the Authority typically holds all investments until maturity, so the market value gains and losses during the term of the investments are not normally realized.

On November 21, 2014, The Authority issued \$88,740,000 of Series 2014A and \$34,440,000 of Series 2014B Power Supply System Revenue Refunding Bonds. The 2014 series bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 3.000% to 5.000% and are due January 2019 through 2038. The proceeds were used to refund all or a portion of the Authority's Series 2001B Bonds, Series 2003A Bonds and Series 2008A Bonds.

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
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On January 31, 2013, The Authority issued \$132,900,000 of Series 2013A Power Supply System Revenue Bonds. The Series 2013A bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 3.125% to 4.000% and are due January 2028 through 2047. The proceeds are primarily being used for the construction of the Charles D. Lamb Energy Center, a 103 MW simple cycle peaking plant to be located in Ponca City, Oklahoma.

On August 1, 2013, The Authority issued \$39,565,000 of Series 2013B Power Supply System Revenue Bonds. The Series 2013B bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 3.625% to 5.000% and are due January 2024 through 2030. The proceeds are primarily being used for capacity upgrades at the McClain and Redbud plants, and to fund environmental compliance upgrades at the Authority's co-owned coal plants.

Net costs recoverable in future years represent the amount by which depreciation/amortization either exceeds or is less than principal repayment on debt. The Authority sets rates to cities on a cash basis utilizing essentially level debt service, and the deferred costs allow the Authority to convert from cash-based rates to accrual accounting. For 2014, principal repayment on debt exceeded depreciation/amortization resulting in a decrease to net position of \$472,322. For 2013 depreciation/amortization exceeded principal repayment on debt resulting in an increase to net position of \$3,478,045.

Utility Plant and Debt Administration

Utility Plant

Net utility plant increased \$48.6 million in 2014 and \$32.2 million in 2013, primarily due to the construction on the Charles D. Lamb Energy Center.

On-site construction of the Charles D. Lamb Energy Center began in March 2014, and will be completed in the spring of 2015. The facility will meet the Authorities capacity needs for the foreseeable future. As of February, 2015 the facility's construction progress is on-time and under-budget.

At December 31, 2014, generation plant in service, including fuel reserves, totaled \$349.6 million, net of depreciation. Electric plant consisted of generation plant in the amount of \$347.1 million that represents ownership in 162 megawatts of undivided ownership in plants in both Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas, 110 megawatts of the undivided ownership in the McClain plant, 156 megawatts of undivided ownership in the Redbud plant, plus 137 megawatts of generating plant owned and operated by the Authority in Oklahoma. Electric plant also includes lignite reserves that totaled \$2.5 million at year end 2014.

The Authority also has \$17.7 million of general plant, net of depreciation, consisting of substation facilities, a small amount of transmission lines, and the OMPA headquarters building.

Debt Administration

Revenue bonds outstanding at year end 2014 were \$719 million, including the current portion of debt paid January 2, 2015. This amount excludes the FPL Wind Energy note of approximately \$42 million that is secured by lease revenues from FPL Wind Energy. The revenue bonds outstanding in 2013 and 2012 were \$744 million and \$590 million, respectively. The current portion of revenue bonds payable at year end 2014, in the amount of \$20 million, was paid in January 2015.

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
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Southwest Power Pool Integrated Marketplace

On March 1st, 2014, the Southwest Power Pool launched the Integrated Marketplace. SPP became the central authority, administering day ahead energy and operating reserves products across the entire market footprint. The Integrated Marketplace also includes financial products for transmission congestion hedging. OMPA staff were well prepared during the market start, and the launch was a success. This was a significant change from the SPP Energy Imbalance Service market that OMPA operated in since 2007. As expected, when the Integrated Market launched, physical bi-lateral energy trading in SPP was significantly reduced. Consequently, Off-system or energy market sales declined to \$7,213,292 in 2014 from \$17,398,645 in 2013. Currently, all market energy sales represent transactions in the ERCOT market.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

Questions about this report or requests for additional financial information can be directed to:

OMPA
Manager of Accounting Services
P.O. Box 1960
Edmond, Oklahoma 73083-1960

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma
Statements of Net Position

As Of And For The Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

	2014	2013
Utility Plant, at Cost		
Utility plant in service	\$ 611,162,943	\$ 587,118,646
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>243,838,171</u>	<u>224,208,014</u>
	367,324,772	362,910,632
Construction in progress	89,238,289	42,964,564
Intangible plant assets, net	3,784,230	4,023,384
Leased electric plant, net	<u>41,982,955</u>	<u>43,867,630</u>
	<u>502,330,246</u>	<u>453,766,210</u>
Non-current Restricted Investments	<u>59,045,279</u>	<u>64,731,528</u>
Non-current Investments	<u>17,516,861</u>	<u>21,929,132</u>
Other Assets		
Unamortized organization costs and other assets	683,357	768,776
Net costs recoverable in future years	113,490,986	114,555,699
Other non-current assets	<u>12,482,977</u>	<u>3,886,857</u>
	<u>126,657,320</u>	<u>119,211,332</u>
Total non-current assets	<u>705,549,706</u>	<u>659,638,202</u>
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	15,749,731	10,300,398
Investments	246,186	4,726,111
Interest receivable	320,643	324,504
Accounts receivable	15,663,454	15,021,434
Inventory	9,145,664	6,606,084
Other current assets	652,277	657,696
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	47,897,292	76,493,785
Restricted investments	43,164,779	86,068,393
Restricted interest receivable	<u>1,091,218</u>	<u>1,361,410</u>
	<u>133,931,244</u>	<u>201,559,815</u>
Total current assets	<u>133,931,244</u>	<u>201,559,815</u>
Total assets	<u>839,480,950</u>	<u>861,198,017</u>
Deferred Outflow of Resources		
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives	11,746,531	8,633,961
Unamortized loss on advance refunding of bonds	<u>24,567,382</u>	<u>12,633,424</u>
	<u>36,313,913</u>	<u>21,267,385</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 875,794,863</u>	<u>\$ 882,465,402</u>

**Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources
and Net Position**

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Long-term Debt		
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 698,605,000	\$ 724,445,000
Less unamortized net discount/(premium)	<u>(21,896,075)</u>	<u>(4,982,555)</u>
	720,501,075	729,427,555
Note payable	<u>39,985,200</u>	<u>41,982,955</u>
	<u>760,486,275</u>	<u>771,410,510</u>
Non-current derivative liability	7,866,419	7,368,595
Total non-current liabilities	<u>768,352,694</u>	<u>778,779,105</u>
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	19,305,159	17,187,875
Accrued expenses	5,356,905	7,731,695
Interest payable	13,890,824	16,345,868
Current portion of long-term debt	20,015,000	19,600,000
Current portion of note payable	1,997,755	1,884,675
Current derivative liability	<u>3,880,112</u>	<u>1,265,366</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>64,445,755</u>	<u>64,015,479</u>
Total liabilities	<u>832,798,449</u>	<u>843,906,792</u>
Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Unearned revenue – rate stabilization	10,995,633	13,745,632
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	(36,668,721)	(34,070,518)
Restricted – expendable for		
Debt service	28,841,802	31,634,008
Capital acquisitions	2,207,603	2,074,681
Specific operating activities	9,922,750	9,159,940
Unrestricted	<u>27,697,347</u>	<u>17,127,075</u>
Total net position	<u>32,000,781</u>	<u>25,925,186</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and net position	<u>\$ 875,794,863</u>	<u>\$ 882,465,402</u>

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Operating Revenues		
System	\$ 179,448,648	\$ 162,965,303
Off-system	<u>7,213,292</u>	<u>17,398,645</u>
	<u>186,661,940</u>	<u>180,363,948</u>
Operating Expenses		
Purchased power	27,171,053	47,851,403
Generation	82,394,439	62,517,964
Transmission	17,747,381	16,760,352
Other operating expenses	8,712,406	8,068,546
Depreciation	<u>20,126,828</u>	<u>19,595,834</u>
	<u>156,152,107</u>	<u>154,794,099</u>
Operating Income	<u>30,509,833</u>	<u>25,569,849</u>
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment income	2,143,731	2,573,145
Net increase in fair value of investments	3,939,740	(7,094,630)
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets	2,875	---
Lease revenue	2,632,057	2,738,738
Amortization of organization costs	(85,420)	(85,420)
Amortization of other assets	<u>(353,180)</u>	<u>(332,488)</u>
	<u>8,279,803</u>	<u>(2,200,665)</u>
Interest and debt expense		
Interest expense – revenue bonds	(28,963,299)	(25,450,105)
Buy America Bond subsidy proceeds	1,455,826	1,444,838
Interest expense – other	(2,632,058)	(2,738,738)
Amortization of loss on bond refunding, discount and bond issue costs	<u>(2,102,188)</u>	<u>(2,354,372)</u>
	<u>(32,241,719)</u>	<u>(29,098,377)</u>
Net non-operating expenses	(23,961,916)	(31,299,032)
Net Deferred Costs Recoverable in Future Years	<u>(472,322)</u>	<u>3,478,045</u>
Increase in net position	6,075,595	(2,251,138)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	<u>25,925,186</u>	<u>28,176,324</u>
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 32,000,781</u>	<u>\$ 25,925,186</u>

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma
Statements of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 184,157,116	\$ 178,658,519
Cash paid to suppliers	(141,153,168)	(125,690,077)
Cash paid to employees	<u>(7,036,856)</u>	<u>(6,467,870)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>35,967,092</u>	<u>46,500,572</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	123,180,000	172,485,000
Payment on bonds refunded	(129,005,000)	---
Payment of bond issue costs	(566,694)	(1,000,032)
Bond issuance premium	3,941,202	1,163,913
Capital expenditures for utility plant	(69,543,535)	(55,185,022)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(31,418,343)	(22,495,132)
BAB subsidies received	1,455,826	1,444,838
Principal payments on long-term debt	(19,600,000)	(18,635,000)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	<u>2,874</u>	<u>---</u>
Net cash provided by/(used in) capital and related financing activities	<u>(121,553,670)</u>	<u>77,778,565</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	140,814,276	115,990,361
Purchases of investments	(79,392,472)	(209,496,241)
Lease receivable (advance) receipts	399,835	336,837
Payments made for lease receivables	1,800,000	---
Income received on investments	<u>2,417,780</u>	<u>1,726,350</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>62,439,419</u>	<u>(91,442,693)</u>
Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(23,147,159)	32,836,444
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	<u>86,794,183</u>	<u>53,957,740</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 63,647,023</u>	<u>\$ 86,794,183</u>
Consisting of		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,749,731	\$ 10,300,398
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>47,897,023</u>	<u>76,493,785</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 63,647,023</u>	<u>\$ 86,794,183</u>

**Noncash Items from Investing and Capital and Related
Financing Activities**

Change in fair value of investments	<u>\$ 3,939,740</u>	<u>\$ (7,094,630)</u>
Discount accretion/premium amortization on investments	<u>\$ (383,313)</u>	<u>\$ (935,665)</u>
Reduction of note payable and depreciation expense on leased electric plant	<u>\$ 1,884,675</u>	<u>\$ 1,777,995</u>
Capital expenditures for utility plant included in accounts payable	<u>\$ 1,797,657</u>	<u>\$ 955,401</u>

2014

2013

**Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by
Operating Activities**

Operating income	\$ 30,509,833	\$ 25,569,849
Adjustments to reconcile net operating revenues to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation	19,885,528	19,375,146
Amortization of other assets included in operating expenses	241,300	3,334,769
Unearned revenues – rate stabilization	(2,749,999)	(1,500,000)
Changes in assets and liabilities which provided/(used) cash		
Accounts receivable	(642,020)	(205,429)
Inventory	(2,539,580)	433,608
Other current assets	(7,207,160)	(192,688)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>(1,530,810)</u>	<u>(314,683)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 35,967,092</u>	<u>\$ 46,500,572</u>

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma
Notes to Financial Statements

As of and for the Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

The Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority (the Authority) is a governmental agency of the state of Oklahoma created in 1981 pursuant to the Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority Act to provide a means of municipal electric systems in Oklahoma to jointly plan, finance, acquire and operate electrical power supply facilities necessary to meet the electrical energy requirements of their consumers. As an agency of the State of Oklahoma (the State), the Authority is subject to the State of Oklahoma Council of Bond Oversight, and is bound by various state statutes related to units of the State. The Authority's employees are eligible to participate in the State retirement plan. The Authority is a discretely presented component unit in the financial statements of the State of Oklahoma.

On July 1, 1985, the Authority began selling electric power to its participating municipalities under Power Sales Contracts. The Power Sales Contracts have a primary term through December 31, 2027. In 2005, Amendment No. 1 to the Power Sales Contract was executed by the Authority and members representing over 99% of the Authority's load. Amendment No. 1 provides for a rolling 15-year notice of termination of the Power Sales Contract by either the Authority or the participating municipalities commencing in 2013. No participating municipality has given a notice of termination and neither has the Authority. Under the Power Sales Contract, either the participating municipality or the Authority may limit the power and energy to be purchased or provided. The Authority has not elected to limit its obligation to provide power and energy under the Power Sales Contracts, nor have any of the participating municipalities elected to limit their obligation to purchase full requirements power from the Authority.

The Authority has a 100% ownership interest in a 64 megawatts (MW) combined cycle generating facility and a 29 MW hydroelectric generating facility. The Authority has 100% ownership of a gas unit in Ponca City, Oklahoma, with a generating capacity of 42 MW. The Authority also has joint ownership of 23%, 13%, 11.72%, 3.906% and 2.344% in five other generating facilities, having total generating capacities of 478 MW, 1,200 MW, 690 MW, 650 MW and 650 MW, respectively. All of the joint ownership facilities are operated by other entities. The Authority has also entered into certain power purchase and transmission arrangements in order to supplement generating capacity owned by the Authority and to provide for the transmission of the Authority's power and energy to the participating municipalities.

The Authority bills participants and other power purchasers monthly for power used. The terms generally require payment within 20 days of the billing date. The Authority does not require participants to collateralize the obligation related to power billed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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System of Accounts and Basis of Accounting

The Authority's accounts are maintained in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, as required by the Power Sales Contracts with the participating municipalities, and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America using the accrual basis of accounting, including the application of regulatory accounting as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62 - *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*.

The Authority considers electric revenues and costs that are directly related to the generation, purchase, transmission and distribution of electricity to be operating revenues and expenses. Revenues and expenses related to financing and other activities are reflected as non-operating.

In March 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 65 - *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The utility implemented this standard effective January 1, 2013.

Utility Plant and Depreciation

Utility plant is recorded at cost, including capitalized net interest cost on borrowed funds used for construction of utility plant. Capitalized net interest cost on borrowed funds includes amortization of bond discounts and bond premiums, interest expense and interest income. The Authority capitalized \$4,889,804 and \$7,695,681 of interest in 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Depreciation of generating facilities in which the Authority holds an undivided ownership interest is calculated on a straight-line basis using a group-composite method over the expected services' lives, which range from 20 to 45 years. Depreciation of other utility plant is calculated on a straight-line basis using the estimated useful lives of the depreciable property, which range from three to 10 years. A half year convention is generally used for all assets when placed in service, except in instances where specific assumptions have been made for rate making purposes. Retirements together with removal costs, less salvage value, are charged to accumulated depreciation based upon average unit cost.

The cost of major replacements of property is capitalized to utility plant accounts. The cost of maintenance, repairs and replacements of minor items of property is expensed as incurred.

The Authority has implemented GASB Statement No. 51, *Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets* (Statement 51). Statement 51 requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope be classified as capital assets. Intangible assets are amortized using the straight line method over a period of 5 to 40 years.

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority

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Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalents have original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Authority considers investments in government security money market funds to be cash equivalents.

Investments and Investment Income

The Authority accounts for investments at their fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices. Investment income and net increase or decrease in the fair market value of investments are presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount billed plus any accrued and unpaid interest. Accounts receivable are ordinarily due 20 days from the billing date. Accounts that are unpaid after the due date bear interest at a local bank's prime rate per month. The Authority does not consider an allowance for uncollectible accounts necessary. Its customers are municipalities and historically receivables have been collectible.

Inventory Pricing

Inventory consists of fuel stock and is stated at weighted average cost.

Organization Costs

Development activity costs incurred by the Authority through June 30, 1985, are included in organization costs. Such costs are being amortized on a straight-line basis over 37 years in accordance with the Authority's rate-making policy.

Costs Recoverable in Future Years

The Power Sales Contracts with the participating municipalities provide for billings to those municipalities for output and services of the generating facilities, for payment of current operating and maintenance expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization), for payment of scheduled debt principal and interest, and for deposits in certain funds, all in compliance with the bond resolutions. Net deferred costs recoverable in future years represent the amount by which depreciation/amortization exceeds principal repayment on debt. The Authority sets rates to cities on a cash basis utilizing essentially level debt service, and the deferred costs allow the Authority to convert from cash-based rates to accrual accounting. Net deferred cost will become a reduction in net income at such future time as the principal repayment exceeds depreciation and amortization. Annual budgets and changes in power rates are approved by the Authority's Board of Directors. During 2014 and 2013, billings to participating municipalities under Power Sales Contracts were \$176,278,650 and \$161,959,730, respectively.

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Net Position

Net position of the Authority is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted assets are non-capital assets that must be used for a particular purpose as specified by creditors, grantors or donors external to the Authority, including amounts deposited with trustees as required by bond indentures, reduced by the outstanding balances of any related borrowings. Unrestricted assets are remaining assets less remaining liabilities that do not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted assets. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for the same purpose, it is the Authority's policy to use unrestricted resources first, then restricted resources as they are needed.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that future time.

Unamortized Loss on Advance Refundings

Financing costs incurred in connection with the issuance of Power Supply System Revenue Bonds and losses on advance refundings of previous bonds have been deferred. These amounts are being amortized over the life of the respective bonds in accordance with the Authority's rate-making policy.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Authority has implemented GASB Statement No. 53 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments (Statement 53). Statement 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments.

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The Authority has entered into an interest rate swap (Note 7) to synthetically cap the effects of the short-term fluctuations in the variable interest rates. The contract requires the Authority to pay a fixed rate and receive a variable price based upon indices. This transaction meets the requirements of Statement No. 53. Realized gains or losses on the interest rate swap are recorded as either a reduction of or an addition to interest expense.

The Authority uses commodity price swap contracts (Note 8) to hedge the effects of fluctuations in the prices for natural gas during the Authority's peak sales periods. The contracts require the Authority to pay a fixed price for natural gas and receive a variable price based upon common indices. These transactions meet the requirements of Statement No. 53. Realized gains and losses on commodity swap contracts are recorded as either a reduction of or addition to fuel cost.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Unearned Revenues – Rate Stabilization

The Authority designs its electric service rates to recover costs, as defined above, of providing power supply services. In order to minimize possible future rate increases, each year the Authority determines a rate stabilization amount to be charged or credited to revenues. There were rate stabilization withdrawals of \$2,750,000 and \$1,500,000 in 2014 and 2013, respectively. These amounts are reflected as increases or decreases in unearned revenues – rate stabilization in the accompanying statements of net position. Rate stabilization deferrals or withdrawals are approved by the Board of Directors through the budget approval process.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on years of service. Only benefits considered vested are disclosed in these statements. Vested vacation leave is accrued when earned in the financial statements. The liability is liquidated from the general operating revenue of the Authority.

Risk Management

The Authority manages its risks through coverages provided by private insurers for workers' compensation, employee dishonesty and boiler/machinery and other property risks by the State of Oklahoma's Risk Management Administration for automobile and tort liabilities. Settled claims have not exceeded reserves in the last three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to prior year.

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Income Taxes

The Authority is exempt from Federal income taxes, as it is a political subdivision of the State. The Authority is exempt from Oklahoma state income taxes as provided under the Municipal Power Authority Act.

Major Customers

The Authority currently serves 39 municipalities in Oklahoma and two partial requirements customers. Five full requirements customers accounted for approximately 65% and 66% of the Authority's operating revenues (two of which accounted for 48 % and 49% of the Authority's operating revenues) for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Lease Receivables

The Authority has established a policy whereby customers can borrow funds to finance improvements to their municipal electric systems. All lending is approved by the Authority's board and is generally limited to 30% of the customers previous 12 month billing from the Authority. The leases are classified as other assets on the Authority's balance sheet. Lease receivables from cities totaled \$2,464,552 and \$1,064,387 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25; Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27; Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations; and Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. Application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

Comparative Data

Certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

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Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State; bonds of any city, county, school district or special road district of the State; bonds of any state; or a surety bond having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits.

None of the Authority's bank balances of \$2,634,933 and \$4,006,919 were exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Authority has collateral in the form of a line of credit with FHLBank of Topeka for \$4 million and \$4 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Investments

The management of investments is under the custody of the Authority's management. Investing is performed in accordance with the formally adopted investment policies of the Authority. The funds may be invested in (1) direct obligations of the United States government of which the full faith and credit of the United States government is pledged; (2) certificates of deposit at savings and loan associations and banks, which are federally insured or when the funds are secured by acceptable collateral; (3) savings accounts at savings and loan associations and banks, to the extent they are fully federally insured; (4) any bonds or other obligations guaranteed by any agency or corporation that has been created pursuant to an Act of Congress as an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America; (5) bonds, notes or other evidences of the indebtedness issued or guaranteed by any corporation which are, at the time of purchase, rated by two nationally recognized rating agencies in their highest rating category; (6) repurchase agreements secured by 1 or 4 above provided collateral is kept safe by a representative of the Authority; and (7) interests in portfolios of money market instruments containing obligations described above. Any un-invested funds shall be deposited in a bank or banks within Oklahoma that are approved and designated by the Board of Directors of the Authority. The management of investments in the bond funds is performed in accordance with applicable bond indentures.

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At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Authority had the following investments and maturities:

December 31, 2014					
Maturities in Years					
Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10
U.S. agencies obligations	\$ 119,478,720	\$ 42,916,585	\$ 24,546,083	\$ 24,868,103	\$ 27,147,949
Certificates of deposit	494,379	494,379	—	—	—
Money market funds	<u>61,012,101</u>	<u>61,012,101</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>\$ 180,985,200</u>	<u>\$ 104,423,065</u>	<u>\$ 24,546,083</u>	<u>\$ 24,868,103</u>	<u>\$ 27,147,949</u>
December 31, 2013					
Maturities in Years					
Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10
U.S. agencies obligations	\$ 172,238,901	\$ 86,264,936	\$ 26,091,572	\$ 23,969,980	\$ 35,912,413
Certificates of deposit	5,216,263	4,719,304	496,959	—	—
Money market funds	<u>82,787,264</u>	<u>82,787,264</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>\$ 260,242,428</u>	<u>\$ 173,771,504</u>	<u>\$ 26,588,531</u>	<u>\$ 23,969,980</u>	<u>\$ 35,912,413</u>

Interest Rate Risk – As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Authority’s investment policy limits investments of operating and maintenance funds with a term beyond five years to a total of \$11 million, with \$4 million of this amount invested at 10 years or less. The debt service reserve accounts may be invested beyond 10 years provided the yield is adequate. The money market mutual funds are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because they are redeemable in full immediately. The Authority’s was in compliance with this policy at December 31, 2014 and 2013.

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Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The various bond indentures limit the types of investments the Authority may invest in and the related credit risk of those investments. At December 31, 2014, the Authority’s investments in U.S. agencies obligations not directly guaranteed by the U.S. government were rated as follows:

Investment	Moody’s	S&P	Fitches
U.S. agency securities not directly guaranteed by the U.S. government	Aaa	AA+	AAA
Certificates of deposit	Not rated	Not rated	Not rated
Money market mutual funds	Aaa	AAAm	AAAmmf

At December 31, 2013, the Authority’s investments in U.S. agencies obligations not directly guaranteed by the U.S. government were rated as follows:

Investment	Moody’s	S&P	Fitches
U.S. agency securities not directly guaranteed by the U.S. government	Aaa	AA+	AAA
Certificates of deposit	Not rated	Not rated	Not rated
Money market mutual funds	Aaa	AAAm	AAAmmf

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the underlying securities for the Authority’s investments at December 31, 2014 and 2013 are held by the counterparties in the Authority’s name.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Authority places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At December 31, 2014, the Authority’s investment in agency obligations of Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation constituted 13.83%, 39.31%, 9.80% and 3.08%, respectively, of its total investments. At December 31, 2013, the Authority’s investment in agency obligations of Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation constituted 21.71%, 30.79%, 5.43% and 8.25%, respectively, of its total investments.

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Investments Highly Sensitive to Market Changes – At December 31, 2014, the Authority held \$121,109,172 in government mutual funds and U.S. Agencies which mature from 2015 to 2027. These investments can vary in market value depending on current interest rates. It is the Authority’s practice to hold these investments to maturity, but, depending on the market, they may be sold prior to maturity, which can result in a gain or loss. The market value of these investments at December 31, 2014, was \$119,973,099.

At December 31, 2013, the Authority held \$182,910,573 in government mutual funds and U.S. Agencies which mature from 2014 to 2027. These investments can vary in market value depending on current interest rates. It is the Authority’s practice to hold these investments to maturity, but, depending on the market, they may be sold prior to maturity, which can result in a gain or loss. The market value of these investments at December 31, 2013, was \$177,455,164.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown above are included in the Statements of Net Position as follows:

	2014	2013
Carrying value		
Deposits	\$ 2,634,933	\$ 4,006,919
Investments	<u>180,985,195</u>	<u>260,242,428</u>
	<u>\$ 183,620,128</u>	<u>\$ 264,249,347</u>
Included in the following Statement of Net Position captions:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,749,731	\$ 10,300,398
Investments – current	246,186	4,726,111
Non-current investments	17,516,861	21,929,132
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	47,897,292	76,493,785
Restricted investments – current	43,164,779	86,068,393
Non-current restricted investments	<u>59,045,279</u>	<u>64,731,528</u>
	<u>\$ 183,620,128</u>	<u>\$ 264,249,347</u>

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Investment Income

Investment income for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, consisted of:

	2014	2013
Net interest and accretion income	\$ 2,143,731	\$ 2,573,145
Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments	<u>3,939,740</u>	<u>(7,094,630)</u>
	<u>\$ 6,083,471</u>	<u>\$ (4,521,485)</u>

Note 3: Electric Utility Plant

Electric utility plant assets activity for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, were:

	2014			
	January 1	Additions	Retirements	December 31
Non-depreciable plant				
Construction work in progress	\$ <u>42,964,564</u>	\$ <u>64,623,304</u>	\$ <u>(18,349,579)</u>	\$ <u>89,238,289</u>
Depreciable plant				
General plant	26,457,388	1,145,801	(16,599)	27,586,590
Generation plant	558,214,612	22,893,170	—	581,107,782
Fuel reserves, net	2,446,646	64,910	(42,985)	2,468,571
Intangible assets	5,415,318	488,297	—	5,903,615
Leased electric plant	<u>57,739,000</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>57,739,000</u>
Total depreciable plant	<u>650,272,964</u>	<u>24,592,178</u>	<u>(59,584)</u>	<u>674,805,558</u>
Total electric utility plant	<u>693,237,528</u>	<u>89,215,482</u>	<u>(18,409,163)</u>	<u>764,043,847</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for				
General plant	(8,930,304)	(947,765)	16,599	(9,861,470)
Generation plant	(215,277,710)	(18,809,951)	110,960	(233,976,701)
Intangible assets	(1,391,934)	(727,451)	—	(2,119,385)
Leased electric plant	<u>(13,871,370)</u>	<u>(1,884,675)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(15,756,045)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(239,471,318)</u>	<u>(22,369,842)</u>	<u>127,559</u>	<u>(261,713,601)</u>
Electric utility plant, net	<u>\$ 453,766,210</u>	<u>\$ 66,845,640</u>	<u>\$ (18,281,604)</u>	<u>\$ 502,330,246</u>

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	2013			
	January 1	Additions	Retirements	December 31
Non-depreciable plant				
Construction work in progress	\$ 1,931,623	\$ 44,072,742	\$ (3,039,801)	\$ 42,964,564
Depreciable plant				
General plant	26,036,036	421,352	—	26,457,388
Generation plant	547,939,854	10,274,758	—	558,214,612
Fuel reserves, net	2,386,163	105,958	(45,475)	2,446,646
Intangible Assets	3,297,893	2,117,425	—	5,415,318
Leased electric plant	<u>57,739,000</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>57,739,000</u>
Total depreciable plant	<u>637,398,946</u>	<u>12,919,493</u>	<u>(45,475)</u>	<u>650,272,964</u>
Total electric utility plant	<u>639,330,569</u>	<u>56,992,235</u>	<u>(3,085,276)</u>	<u>693,237,528</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for				
General plant	(7,996,255)	(934,049)	—	(8,930,304)
Generation plant	(196,865,328)	(18,390,489)	(21,893)	(215,277,710)
Intangible Assets	(799,665)	(592,269)	—	(1,391,934)
Leased electric plant	<u>(12,093,375)</u>	<u>(1,777,995)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(13,871,370)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(217,754,623)</u>	<u>(21,694,802)</u>	<u>(21,893)</u>	<u>(239,471,318)</u>
Electric utility plant, net	<u>\$ 421,575,946</u>	<u>\$ 35,297,433</u>	<u>\$ (3,107,169)</u>	<u>\$ 453,766,210</u>

The following reconciles depreciation expense as reported above to the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position:

	2014	2013
Depreciation expense, as reported above	\$ 22,369,842	\$ 21,694,802
Reduction of note payable and depreciation expense on leased electric plant	(1,884,675)	(1,777,995)
Amortization of intangible assets	(358,339)	(320,973)
Amortization of McClain turbine overhaul liability	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Depreciation expense as reported in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position	<u>\$ 20,126,828</u>	<u>\$ 19,595,834</u>

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Note 4: Long-term Debt

Long-term liability activity for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, are as follows:

	2014				Amounts Due Within One Year
	January 1	Additions	Payments or Amortization	December 31	
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 744,045,000	\$ 123,180,000	\$(148,605,000)	\$ 718,620,000	\$ 20,015,000
Less unamortized net (discount)/premium	<u>4,982,555</u>	<u>17,442,657</u>	<u>(529,137)</u>	<u>21,896,075</u>	<u>—</u>
Total revenue bonds payable	749,027,555	140,622,657	(149,134,137)	740,516,075	20,015,000
Note payable	43,867,630	—	(1,884,675)	41,982,955	1,997,755
Derivative liabilities	<u>8,633,961</u>	<u>3,112,570</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>11,746,531</u>	<u>3,880,112</u>
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 801,529,146</u>	<u>\$ 143,735,227</u>	<u>\$(151,018,812)</u>	<u>\$ 794,245,561</u>	<u>\$ 25,892,867</u>
	2013				
	January 1	Additions	Payments or Amortization	December 31	Amounts Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 590,195,000	\$ 172,485,000	\$ (18,635,000)	\$ 744,045,000	\$ 19,600,000
Less unamortized net (discount)/premium	<u>4,351,137</u>	<u>1,163,914</u>	<u>(532,496)</u>	<u>4,982,555</u>	<u>—</u>
Total revenue bonds payable	594,546,137	173,648,914	(19,167,496)	749,027,555	19,600,000
Note payable	45,645,625	—	(1,777,995)	43,867,630	1,884,675
Derivative liabilities	<u>12,110,086</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(3,476,125)</u>	<u>8,633,961</u>	<u>1,265,366</u>
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 652,301,848</u>	<u>\$ 173,648,914</u>	<u>\$ (24,421,616)</u>	<u>\$ 801,529,146</u>	<u>\$ 22,750,041</u>

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Revenue Bonds Payable

The Authority has issued Power Supply System Revenue Bonds to finance portions of its acquisition and construction activities and establish bond reserve investments.

Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2014 and 2013, are as follows:

	2014	2013
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 1992B, 4.65% to 6.00%, due January 1, 1997 to January 1, 2024	\$ 70,585,000	\$ 78,785,000
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001B, Variable Rate Demand Obligations (0.06% and 0.13% at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively), due January 1, 2021 to January 1, 2027	---	25,575,000
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 1.20%, due January 1, 2024 to January 1, 2025	---	16,100,000
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003B, 2.00% to 3.75%, due January 1, 2005 to January 1, 2014	---	3,495,000
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, Variable Rate Demand Obligations (0.04% and 0.06% at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively), due January 1, 2007 to January 1, 2023	39,700,000	43,100,000
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A, 4.125% to 4.75%, due January 1, 2028 to January 1, 2047	135,375,000	135,375,000
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, 5.00% to 6.00%, due January 1, 2015 to January 1, 2038	12,000,000	99,330,000
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, 2.00% to 5.00%, due January 1, 2011 to January 1, 2028	95,295,000	99,800,000
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B, 6.31% to 6.44%, due January 1, 2039 to January 1, 2045	70,000,000	70,000,000
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A, 3.125% to 4.00%, due January 1, 2028 to January 1, 2047	132,920,000	132,920,000
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013B, 3.625% to 5.00%, due January 1, 2024 to January 1, 2030	39,565,000	39,565,000
Power Supply System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A, 3.00% to 5.00%, due January 1, 2019 to January 1, 2038	88,740,000	---
Power Supply System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B, 3.00% to 5.00%, due January 1, 2021 to January 1, 2027	34,440,000	---
	718,620,000	744,045,000
Less current portion of revenue bonds payable	20,015,000	19,600,000
Revenue bonds payable less current portion	<u>\$ 698,605,000</u>	<u>\$ 724,445,000</u>

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Principal and interest payments of revenue bonds (assuming a 5.80% on the 2005A bonds) for the years ending after December 31, 2014, are as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2015	\$ 20,015,000	\$ 27,526,474	\$ 47,541,474
2016	20,760,000	31,985,179	52,745,179
2017	21,665,000	30,919,967	52,584,967
2018	22,775,000	29,730,704	52,505,704
2019	22,465,000	28,471,692	50,936,692
2020 – 2024	116,290,000	124,314,320	240,604,320
2025 – 2029	105,035,000	96,281,022	201,316,022
2030 – 2034	84,140,000	75,462,474	159,602,474
2035 – 2039	95,395,000	57,227,120	152,622,120
2040 – 2044	123,035,000	34,335,202	157,370,202
2045 – 2047	<u>87,045,000</u>	<u>7,378,559</u>	<u>94,423,559</u>
	<u>\$ 718,620,000</u>	<u>\$ 543,632,713</u>	<u>\$1,262,252,713</u>

The bonds are payable from, and collateralized by, a pledge of and security interest in the proceeds of the sale of the bonds, the operating revenues of the Authority and assets in the funds established by the respective bond resolution. Interest on all fixed rate and term rate bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1; interest on variable rate bonds is payable on the first business day of each month. Neither the State nor any political subdivision thereof, nor any participating municipality which has contracted with the Authority, is obligated to pay principal or interest on the bonds. The Authority does not have any taxing authority. Additionally, the Authority must have approval from the State of Oklahoma Council of Bond Oversight in order to issue bonds.

The Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 1992B, Series 1994A, Series 2003B and Series 2005A were issued to advance refund previously outstanding bonds of the Authority. The differences between the Authority's net carrying amount of the refunded bonds and the net proceeds of the refunding bonds were deferred and are being amortized over the terms of the refunding bonds. The transactions resulted in a net reduction of debt service cost over the term of the refunding bonds.

The net proceeds of the Series 1992B and Series 1994A bonds have been irrevocably deposited with an escrow agent and have been used to purchase direct obligations of the United States government. The principal and interest on these obligations will be sufficient to pay the refunded bonds at their maturity and to pay interest to such date. Upon establishment of the escrow account, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and are no longer considered obligations of the Authority. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Authority's only remaining defeased bonds are the Series 1992A, which have a balance of \$36,430,000 and \$38,035,000, respectively. These bonds are not considered to be outstanding obligations of the Authority.

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On February 13, 2001, the Authority issued \$45,000,000 of Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001A. Additionally, on February 23, 2001, the Authority issued \$25,575,000 of Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001B. The proceeds from the 2001 bond issuances were used by the Authority to fund the purchase of 23% undivided interest in the McClain generating facility located outside of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The Series 2001B bonds bore interest at a variable interest rate pursuant to a weekly auction rate process until April 16, 2008, at which time the Authority converted them to a term rate mode at an interest rate of 3.85% through December 31, 2011. The Series 2001B bonds were remarketed on January 1, 2012, the mandatory tender date, in a private placement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. The bonds will continue in the term rate mode for a subsequent interest period ending January 3, 2015. The Series 2001B bonds have a mandatory tender date on or about January 5, 2015 and may be remarketed at that time. In the event of a failed remarketing, all un-remarketed bonds would bear interest at a maximum rate of 12% per annum. The scheduled payment of principal and interest on the Series 2001B bonds are guaranteed under an insurance policy issued by Financial Security Assurance Inc.

On April 1, 2003, the Series 2003A bonds were issued in the amount of \$16,100,000 to fund the second gas turbine located in Ponca City, Oklahoma. The Series 2003A bonds bore interest at a variable interest rate pursuant to a weekly auction rate process until April 16, 2008, at which time the Authority converted them to a term rate mode at an interest rate of 3.875% through June 30, 2012. The Series 2003A bonds were remarketed on July 1, 2012. The bonds were remarketed in a fixed term rate mode at an interest rate of 1.20% for a subsequent interest period ending January 3, 2015. The Series 2001B bonds have a mandatory tender date on January 5, 2015 and may be remarketed at that time. In the event of a failed remarketing, all un-remarketed bonds would bear interest at a maximum rate of 12% per annum. The scheduled payment of principal and interest on the Series 2001B bonds are guaranteed under an insurance policy issued by Financial Security Assurance Inc.

The Authority issued Series 2003B Revenue Refunding Bonds on November 5, 2003, to refund the majority of the Series 1994B bonds. The scheduled payment of principal and interest on the Series 2003B bonds are guaranteed under an insurance policy issued by Financial Security Assurance Inc.

The Authority issued Series 2005A Revenue Refunding Bonds on October 6, 2005, to refund the outstanding balance of the Series 1990A bonds. A refunding loss of approximately \$4.9 million was recorded and will be amortized over the life of the new bond issue. The refunding provided a present value refunding savings of approximately \$3,600,000. The Series 2005A bonds bore a variable interest rate pursuant to a weekly auction rate process until November 21, 2008, at which time the Authority converted them to daily mode (Variable Rate Demand Obligations). The Series 2005A bonds are limited to a per annum interest rate of 14%. The Series 2005A bonds, when issued initially in the auction rate mode, were insured by MBIA Insurance Corporation.

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The Authority issued \$135,375,000 Series 2007A of Power Supply System Revenue Bonds on March 22, 2007. The proceeds of this issue were used for the construction of the John W. Turk Jr. power plant, the acquisition of the Redbud generating plant, construction costs of the OMPA headquarters building and other miscellaneous projects. A portion of these funds were intended for the construction of the Redrock generating facility, which has subsequently been cancelled. The 2007A bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 4.125% to 4.54% and are due January 2028 thru January 2047. The scheduled payment of principal and interest on the 2007A bonds are guaranteed by Financial Guaranty Insurance Company.

The Authority issued \$99,330,000 of Series 2008A Power Supply System Revenue Bonds on October 30, 2008. The proceeds were used for the construction of the John W. Turk Jr. power plant, the acquisition of the Redbud generating plant, and other capital projects. The Series 2008A bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 5.00% to 6.00% and are due January 2015 thru January 2038. There is no bond insurance policy associated with the Series 2008A bonds.

On March 10, 2010, the Authority issued \$111,260,000 of Series 2010A Power Supply Refunding Bonds. Proceeds from this issue were used for the refunding of \$89,055,000 of the Power Supply Revenue Bonds Series 1994A, and \$27,710,000 of the Power Supply Revenue Bonds Series 2001A. The Series 2010A bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 2.00% to 5.00% and are due January 2011 thru January 2028. The transaction resulted in a net refunding loss of \$9,609,104, and had a net present value savings of 6.13%.

The Authority issued \$70,000,000 of Series 2010B Power Supply System Revenue Bonds (Federally Taxable Build America Bonds – Direct Pay) on August 11, 2010. The proceeds were used for the construction of the John W. Turk Jr. power plant and other capital projects. The Series 2010B bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 6.31% to 6.44% and are due January 2039 thru January 2045. The Authority receives a Federal subsidy equal to 33% of interest payable.

On January 31, 2013, The Authority issued \$132,900,000 of Series 2013A Power Supply System Revenue Bonds. The Series 2013A bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 3.125% to 4.000% and are due January 2028 thru 2047. The proceeds are primarily being used for the construction of the Charles D. Lamb Energy Center, a 103 MW simple cycle peaking plant to be located in Ponca City, Oklahoma.

On August 1, 2013, The Authority issued \$39,565,000 of Series 2013B Power Supply System Revenue Bonds. The Series 2013B bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 3.625% to 5.000% and are due January 2024 thru 2030. The proceeds are primarily being used for capacity upgrades at the McClain and Redbud plants, and to fund environmental compliance upgrades at the Authority's co-owned coal plants.

On November 21, 2014, The Authority issued \$88,740,000 of Series 2014A and \$34,440,000 of Series 2014B Power Supply System Revenue Refunding Bonds. The 2014 series bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 3.000% to 5.000% and are due January 2019 through 2038. The proceeds were used to refund all or a portion of the Authority's Series 2001B Bonds, Series 2003A Bonds and Series 2008A Bonds.

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Under the bond resolutions, the Authority has covenanted that it will establish and collect rents, rates and charges under the Power Sales Contracts and will otherwise charge and collect rents, rates and charges for the use or sale of the output, capacity or service of its system which, together with other available revenues, are reasonably expected to yield net revenues for the 12-month period commencing with the effective date of such rents, rates and charges equal to at least 1.10 times the aggregate debt service for such period and, in any event, as are required, together with other available funds, to pay or discharge all other indebtedness, charges and liens payable out of revenues under the resolutions.

Note Payable

The Authority has issued \$57,739,000 in a taxable limited obligation note. The note bears an interest rate of 6%. Annual principal and interest payments of \$4,516,732 are due through December 31, 2028. The note is payable solely from lease payments made by FPL Energy Oklahoma Wind, LLC on a leased electric plant (*Note 10*) with no recourse to the Authority.

Principal and interest payments of the note payable for the years ending after December 31, 2014, are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 1,997,755	\$ 2,518,977	\$ 4,516,732
2016	2,117,620	2,399,112	4,516,732
2017	2,244,678	2,272,054	4,516,732
2018	2,379,358	2,137,374	4,516,732
2019	2,522,120	1,994,612	4,516,732
2020 – 2024	15,070,469	7,512,193	22,582,662
2025 – 2028	<u>15,650,956</u>	<u>2,415,976</u>	<u>18,066,932</u>
	<u>\$ 41,982,956</u>	<u>\$ 21,250,298</u>	<u>\$ 63,234,254</u>

Note 5: Restricted Assets

At December 31, 2014 and 2013, restricted net position is available for the following purposes:

	2014	2013
Debt service	\$ 28,841,802	\$ 31,634,008
Capital acquisitions	2,207,603	2,074,681
Specific operating activities	<u>9,922,750</u>	<u>9,159,940</u>
Total restricted expendable net position	<u>\$ 40,972,155</u>	<u>\$ 42,868,629</u>

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The restrictions of the various accounts are as follows:

- Specific operating activities – By the end of each month, this account is to include sufficient monies to provide for payment of the succeeding month's expenses.
- Capital acquisitions – This account is restricted for payment of construction costs & capital acquisitions.
- Debt service accounts – This account is restricted for payment of the current portion of bond principal and interest, and maintenance of debt service reserves sufficient to cover the maximum annual principal and interest requirements of the respective related bond issues.

Note 6: Employee Benefit Plans

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The Authority contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (the System). The Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the legislature of the State. Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Sections 901-943, as amended, assigns the authority for management and operation of the Plan to the Board of Trustees of the System. The System issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That annual report may be obtained by writing to: Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, 6601 N. Broadway Extension, Suite 129, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73116 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

Funding Policy

Plan members, state employees, Authority employees and the Authority are required to contribute at a rate set by statute. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Authority are established and may be amended by the legislature of the State. The contribution rate for the Authority was 16.5% for 2014. The 2014 contribution rate for Authority employees was 3.5%. The 2013 contribution rate for the Authority was 16.5% The 2013 contribution rate for Authority employees was 3.5%.

The Authority's contributions to the Plan for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, were approximately \$842,000, \$779,000 and \$757,000, respectively, and were equal to their required contributions for each year. The funded ratio of the Plan was 88.6% at June 30, 2014 compared to 81.6% at June 30, 2013 and 80.2% at June 30, 2012.

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Deferred Compensation Plan

Authority employees may participate in a voluntary deferred compensation plan provided for under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. Employees pay no state or federal income tax (*i.e.*, only FICA on amounts contributed to the plan), and the income earned on plan assets is also nontaxable. The assets in the plan are held in trust until paid or made available to participants. The assets are not subject to claims of the Authority's general creditors.

Contributions to the deferred compensation plan may not exceed the maximum allowable by IRS guidelines. Plan withdrawals are available at retirement, termination of employment and in the event of disability or unforeseen emergency. In the event of death, the beneficiary receives the full account value based upon current fair value.

401(a) Money Purchase Plan

The Authority participates in a voluntary deferred compensation plan provided for under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan is structured so that the Authority will match employee contributions into the Section 457 plan, up to a limit of 5% of the employee's annual salary. The Authority contributed \$127,000 and \$92,000 into the plan in 2014 and 2013, respectively. The assets are not subject to claims of the Authority's general creditors.

The deferred compensation plan and the money purchase plan are administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation, a nonprofit organization specifically designed to serve municipal employees. The assets are held by ICMA, and are not presented in the Authority's financial statements

Note 7: Interest Rate Swap Agreements

Objective of the Interest Rate Swap

The Authority's asset/liability strategy is to have a mixture of fixed- and variable-rate debt to take advantage of market fluctuations. As a strategy to maintain acceptable levels of exposure to the risk of changes in future cash flows due to interest rate fluctuations, the Authority entered into an interest rate swap agreement in a notional amount equal to the outstanding principal on the 2005A bond issue. The intention of the swap is to effectively change the Authority's variable interest rate on the 2005A issue to a synthetic fixed rate of 5.05%.

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Terms

On March 19, 2009, the Authority entered into an interest rate swap agreement with Deutsche Bank. The agreement, which will continue until January 1, 2023, provides for the Authority to receive interest from the counterparty at SIFMA Municipal Swap Index, and to pay interest to the counterparty at a fixed rate of 5.05% on notional amounts that match the outstanding principal portion of the 2005A bonds, which was \$39,700,000 and \$43,100,000 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Under the agreement, the Authority pays interest semi-annually and receives interest monthly. The net interest expense resulting from the agreement is included in interest expense.

Fair Value

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the agreements had a negative fair value of \$7,175,348 and \$7,839,174, respectively, calculated using the par-value method (*i.e.*, the fixed rate on the swap was compared with the current fixed rates that could be achieved in the marketplace should the swap be unwound). The fixed-rate component was valued by discounting the fixed-rate cash flows using the current yield to maturity of a comparable bond. The variable-rate component was assumed to be at par value because the interest rate resets to the market rate at every reset date. The fair value was then calculated by subtracting the estimated market value of the fixed component from the established market value of the variable component.

Credit Risk

The swap's fair value represented the Authority's credit exposure to the counterparty as of December 31, 2014. Should the counterparty to this transaction fail to perform according to the terms of the swap agreement, the Authority has a maximum possible loss equivalent to the swap's fair value at that date. At December 31, 2014, the Authority was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. The transaction does not require collateral from the Authority or the counterparty.

Deutsche Bank, the counterparty in this transaction, had the following credit rating at December 31, 2014:

<u>Moody's</u>	<u>S&P</u>	<u>Fitches</u>
A3	A	A+

Deutsche Bank, had the following credit rating at December 31, 2013:

<u>Moody's</u>	<u>S&P</u>	<u>Fitches</u>
A2	A	A+

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Basis Risk

The swap exposes the Authority to basis risk should the relationship between the variable rate being paid on the 2005A bond issue and the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index rate being received change in a manner adverse to the Authority. If an adverse change occurs in the relationship between these rates, the expected cost savings may not be fully realized.

Termination Risk

The Authority or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If the swap is terminated, the variable-rate notes would no longer have a synthetic fixed rate of interest. Also, if the swap has a negative fair value at the time of termination, the Authority would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's then fair value.

Swap Payments and Associated Debt

Using rates as of December 31, 2014 debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same, for their term are set forth in the table below. As rates vary, variable-rate interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

	<u>Variable-Rate Notes</u>		Interest Rate Swap, Net	Total
	Principal	Interest		
2015	\$ 3,600,000	\$ 274,130	\$ 1,478,220	\$ 5,352,350
2016	3,700,000	245,295	1,322,730	5,268,025
2017	3,900,000	215,275	1,160,850	5,276,125
2018	4,200,000	183,280	988,320	5,371,600
2019	4,400,000	149,310	805,140	5,354,450
2020 – 2023	<u>19,900,000</u>	<u>236,605</u>	<u>1,275,870</u>	<u>21,412,475</u>
	<u>\$ 39,700,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,303,895</u>	<u>\$ 7,031,130</u>	<u>\$ 48,035,025</u>

Note 8: Commodity Price Swap Contracts

Objective of the Swap

The Authority is exposed to market price fluctuations on its purchase of natural gas. To protect itself from natural gas price fluctuations, the Authority periodically enters into natural gas price swap contracts.

Terms

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The Authority enters into natural gas price swap contracts at various fixed prices and notional amounts. Each swap contract provides for the Authority to pay a fixed price, and for the contract counterparty to pay a floating price for the notional amount of the contract. The notional amount of each natural gas price swap contract is measured in MMBtu's with the floating price based on a specific published natural gas price index (spot price) for the relevant contract month. At December 31, 2014, the Authority's outstanding natural gas price swap contracts were as follows:

Maturity Date	Notional Quantity (MMBTU)	Fixed Price (\$/MMBTU)	Fair Value
Jan. 31, 2015	200,000	4.23 – 4.77	\$ (283,235)
Feb. 28, 2015	200,000	4.23 – 4.77	(328,050)
May 31, 2015	260,000	3.585 – 4.05	(329,132)
June 30, 2015	260,000	3.585 – 4.05	(316,740)
July 31, 2015	360,000	3.524 – 4.05	(380,649)
Aug. 31, 2015	460,000	3.16 – 4.05	(419,971)
Sept 30, 2015	260,000	3.585 – 4.05	(296,769)
Dec. 31, 2015	200,000	3.921 – 4.30	(182,514)
Jan. 31, 2016	200,000	3.921 – 4.30	(157,421)
Feb. 29, 2016	200,000	3.921 – 4.30	(154,431)
May 31, 2016	280,000	3.52 – 4.06	(230,301)
June 30, 2016	310,000	3.49 – 4.06	(229,057)
July 31, 2016	370,000	3.49 – 4.06	(232,228)
Aug. 31, 2016	460,000	3.49 – 4.06	(275,944)
Sept. 30, 2016	280,000	3.52 – 4.06	(193,222)
Dec. 31, 2016	200,000	3.87 – 4.37	(99,910)
Jan. 31, 2017	200,000	3.87 – 4.37	(81,267)
Feb. 28, 2017	200,000	3.87 – 4.37	(79,996)
May 31, 2017	210,000	3.48 – 3.75	(70,492)
June 30, 2017	210,000	3.48 – 3.75	(63,255)
July 31, 2017	260,000	3.48 – 3.75	(65,703)
Aug. 31, 2017	260,000	3.48 – 3.75	(62,338)
Sept. 30, 2017	<u>160,000</u>	3.48 – 3.75	<u>(38,558)</u>
	<u>6,000,000</u>		<u>\$ (4,571,183)</u>

At December 31, 2013, the Authority had outstanding natural gas price swap contracts with notional amounts totaling 4,470,000 MMBtu's at fixed prices between \$3.495 to \$4.06 per MMBtu, and expiring between May 2014 and September 2017.

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Fair Value

The outstanding natural gas price swap contracts had a negative fair value of \$4,571,183 and \$794,787 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The fair value is estimated by discounting actual and implied forward prices using the zero-coupon method. The future net settlement amounts are calculated by assuming that the current forward rates implied by the forward curve for natural gas prices correctly anticipate future spot prices. The future net settlement amounts are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current interest yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement of each contract.

Credit Risk

At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Authority was not exposed to credit risk because the natural gas price swaps had a negative fair value. However, should the fair value of the contracts become positive, the Authority would be exposed to credit risk related to the counterparty of the contract in the amount of the positive fair value. The swap agreements do not require collateral from the Authority or the counterparty.

At December 31, 2014, all swap transactions had the following credit ratings:

	Moody's	S&P	Fitches
BOK	A1	A	A
Shell	Aa1	AA	
JPMorgan	Aa3	A+	A+

At December 31, 2013, all swap transactions had the following credit ratings:

	Moody's	S&P	Fitches
BOK	A1	A	A
Shell	Aa1	AA	
JPMorgan	Aa3	A+	A+

Termination Risk

The Authority or the counterparty may terminate any of the swap contracts if the other party fails to perform under the contract terms. Also, if at the time of the termination, any swap contract has a negative fair value, the Authority would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swaps fair value.

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Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies

Purchase Power

During 2014 and 2013, approximately \$19,261,000 and \$20,730,000 of power was purchased pursuant to several long-term purchase agreements. The Authority is obligated to purchase, at a minimum, approximately \$19,153,000 of power in 2015.

Investment Exchange

During 1996, the Authority entered into an agreement with an investment banking firm to exchange investment securities at the other party's option. The securities to be received by the Authority pursuant to this agreement must be investments permitted by the Authority's debt covenants and must yield a guaranteed fixed interest rate. The term of the agreement extends through January 1, 2014. No investment security exchanges have occurred since inception.

General Litigation

The Authority is subject to claims and lawsuits that arise in the ordinary course of business. It is the opinion of management that the disposition or ultimate resolution of such claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the changes in financial position and cash flows of the Authority. As of December 31, 2014, there were no claims asserted or lawsuits pending against the Authority.

Open Contracts

The Authority has signed construction contracts that continue into subsequent years. The value of services provided and the corresponding liability as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, has been accrued in these financial statements. As of December 31, 2014, approximately \$15 million is left to be expended.

Note 10: Leased Electric Plant

The Authority executed a Power Purchase Agreement for 51 MW with FPL Energy Oklahoma Wind, LLC (FPLE Oklahoma) for the development of a wind generation facility in northwestern Oklahoma. Under the Power Purchase Agreement, FPLE Oklahoma was responsible for acquiring, constructing and installing the wind project. The Authority issued a taxable limited obligation note (the Note), which is payable solely from lease payments made by FPLE Oklahoma with no recourse to the Authority (*Note 4*). The Authority used the proceeds of the Note to finance the Authority's acquisition of the wind project and has leased the wind project to FPLE Oklahoma under a long-term capital lease agreement for an amount sufficient to pay debt service, principal and interest on the Note. The Power Purchase Agreement has a term of approximately 25 years, and power is sold on a take and pay basis. FPLE Oklahoma retains the operational risk related to the wind project.

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The following lists the components of the lease agreement as of December 31, 2014 and 2013:

	2014	2013
Total minimum lease payments to be received	\$ 63,234,254	\$ 67,750,987
Less: Amounts representing interest included in total minimum lease payments	21,251,298	23,883,357
Net minimum lease payments receivable	\$ 41,982,956	\$ 43,867,630

Note 11: Subsequent Events

The Authority evaluated subsequent events through March 26, 2015, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements.

On March 12, 2015, the Authority's Board approved a long-term Power Sales Contract with the Town of Mooreland, Oklahoma. Moorland will begin service with the Authority in early 2016, and will be the Authority's 40th member city.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority
Edmond, Oklahoma

We have audited the financial statements of Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2015. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal controls such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

To the Board of Directors
Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, federal, and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP

Madison, Wisconsin
March 26, 2015